Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.

2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

3. This device should not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. If it is not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, harmful interference to radio communications may be caused.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:
- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: To assure continued compliance, (example – use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices) any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user’s authority to operate this equipment.

Warning
The user is advised to keep away from the base-station and antenna with at least 45cm when the base-station is in operation.

Please install a lightning arrester to protect the base station from lightning dissipation during rainstorms. Lightning arrestors are mounted outside the structure and must be grounded by means of a ground wire to the nearest ground rod or item that is grounded.

Disclaimer
All specifications are subject to changes without prior notice. Altai Technologies assumes no responsibilities for any inaccuracies in this document or for any obligation to update information in this document. This document is provided for information purposes only. Altai Technologies reserves the right to change, modify, transfer, or otherwise revise this publication without notice.
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## Manual Conventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bold</th>
<th>Bold type within paragraph text indicates commands, files names, directory names, paths, output, or returned values.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Italic</td>
<td>Within commands, italics indicate a variable that the user must specify. Titles of manuals or other published documents are also set in italics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>___</td>
<td>Underline means that you have to pay attention to the words.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Courier</td>
<td>The courier font indicates output or display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[ ]</td>
<td>Within commands, items enclosed in square brackets are optional parameters or values that the user can choose to specify or omit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{ }</td>
<td>Within commands, item enclosed in braces are options which the user must choose from.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>An ellipsis indicates a repetition of preceding parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;</td>
<td>The right angle bracket separates successive menu selection.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE**: This message denotes neutral or positive information that calls out important points to the text. A note provides information that applies only in special cases.

⚠️ **Caution**: Cautions call special attention to hazards that can cause system damage or data corruption, to a lesser degree than warnings.

⚠️ **Warnings**: Warnings call special attention to hazards that can cause system damage, data corruption, personal injury, or death.
1. Introduction

This manual is to summarize how to perform basic configuration for the Altai C1n AP/CPE through web-admin interface.

2. C1n Model and Firmware Version

This manual is applicable for the following models, hardware and firmware versions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>C1n AP/CPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Platform</td>
<td>V1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware Version</td>
<td>1.2.4.x</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2-1 C1n Model

3. Getting Started

3.1. Setup Local Area Connection on Your PC

C1n AP/CPE can be connected to your PC in wired mode or in wireless mode. In the following, wired mode will be introduced. This is because the configurations are similar in wireless mode, except SSID has to be configured in both C1n AP/CPE and PC.

C1n AP/CPE can be connected to your PC **directly or by a switch or a hub**.

Start Network Configuration on your PC.

For **Windows XP** user,

1. Click the “Start” menu and choose “Control Panel”.
2. Click “Network Connections”.
3. Right-click the “Local Area Connection” and select “Properties”.
4. After clicking “Properties”, you will see the diagram as below.

![Local Area Connection Properties in Windows XP](image)

5. Mark the “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)” and click “Properties”.
6. Type in an “IP address”, for example, 192.168.1.2, which is under the same subnet as the Default IP Address of C1n AP/CPE (192.168.1.222).
7. Using the default “Subnet mask” (default: 255.255.255.0) setting in the first time.
8. Keep the “Default gateway” as “Blank”.
9. Keep the “Preferred DNS server” and “Alternate DNS server” as “Blank” also.
10. Click “OK” when you finish setting and close the Window.
3.2. Check Access

“ping” utility of Command Prompt is a handy tool to check the access to the C1n AP/CPE.

1. Go to the Command Prompt by typing “cmd” in “Run”.
2. Type command:
   
   ping 192.168.1.222
   
   The C1n AP/CPE shall respond to your ping request if C1n AP/CPE and your PC have a correct connection.

**NOTE:** Using the same PC to ping different C1n AP/CPE may cause ping failure. This is because C1n AP/CPE has the same default IP address but different MAC addresses. You need to type command “arp –d” in Command Prompt to clear ARP table on PC before each ping.

3.3. Configuration with Web-Admin

The C1n can be accessed through a Web Browser, for example, Internet Explorer (IE).

1. Open an IE session and type the IP address of the C1n AP/CPE. Example: http://192.168.1.222 or https://192.168.1.222, where 192.168.1.222 is the C1n’s IP address. The **default IP Address** is 192.168.1.222.
2. A window will pop up, as shown in figure 3-5. Enter the user name and password in the corresponding fields, which are the same as for the CLI. The default User Name and Password are shown in Table 3-1 C1n default User Name and Password. They are case sensitive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Firmware version</th>
<th>Default User Name</th>
<th>Default Password</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2.4.x</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>admin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3-1 C1n default User Name and Password

Figure 3-5 Enter User Name and Password

4. A login page in IE appears, as shown in figure 4-6. A Menu Bar is located on the top of the IE window. Different functions can be accessed through the menu bar.
3.4. Interface Introduction

C1n interface is separated to 5 levels: Level 1 menu, Level 2 menu, Interface selection, Level 3 menu and Configuration options.
3.5. Logout from C1n Interface

On the right top corner of C1n Web interface, click “Logout” button to logout from C1n. On the other side, you can directly close C1n webpage to logout from C1n.

![Figure 3-8 Logout](image)

4. System Status

C1n Status function gives System information, interface information, Log.

You can select **Status** > **System** to check C1n basic information and real-time status.

![Figure 4-1 System Information](image)

Following information can be found from “System” function:

1) **System**

- **System Name**: System name for C1n, it can be customized by customer.
- **Product Name**: C1n.
2) Thin AP
Show the status of thin AP function (On/Off).

3) Network (Switch/Gateway)
It shows the status and information of network. It is switch mode as default.
- IPv4 DHCP Client: Enable/disable IPv4 DHCP Client.
- IPv4 Address: C1n current IPv4 address
- IPv4 Subnet Mask: C1n IPv4 subnet mask
- IPv4 Default Gateway Address: C1n IPv4 gateway address

4) Interfaces (2)

- Ethernet
It shows the status and information of Ethernet including Mac address, Traffic (Tx/Rx), Speed, Throughput (Tx/Rx), Duplex and Auto-negotiation. If click the "More>>", more detail information will be shown.

- Radio (2.4G)
It shows C1n Radio0 interface information including Mac address, Traffic (Tx/Rx), Wireless Mode, Throughput (Tx/Rx), Channel, Transmit Power and Noise Level. If click the "More>>", more detail information will be shown. As default, the 2.4G radio is on.

4.1. Interface
You can select Status -> Interface to check interface information which includes radio0 (2.4GHz) and Ethernet information.
4.1.1.2.4G Interface Status

By selecting **Status** -> **Interface** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)**, you can find 2.4G interface (radio0) information which includes following 5 parts: Status, Statistic, Channel Usage, WLAN and Association List.

4.1.1.1. Status

Please select **Status** -> **Interface** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **Status** to check radio0 status, the webpage provides radio0 Mode, Radio Enable/Disable, MAC Address, Superwifi Status, Country Code, Radio Channel, Transmit Power and Wireless Mode.
**Mode**: Operation mode

**Radio Enable**: Radio0 (2.4G) status (ON/OFF)

**MAC Address**: Radio0 (2.4G) MAC address.

**Superwifi Status**: Superwifi Status (ON/OFF), as default, it is on.


**Radio Channel**: Radio0 (2.4G) current channel

**Transmit Power**: Radio0 (2.4G) transmit power

**Wireless Mode**: Radio0 (2.4G) wireless mode

### 4.1.1.2. Statistic

Please select **Status** -> **Interface** -> **radio0(2.4G)** -> **Statistic** to check radio0 statistics information which includes radio0 Tx and Rx Packets, Tx and Rx Packet Rate, Total traffic, Throughput.

![Figure 4-4 Interface Statistic](image)

- **Packets**: Radio0 (2.4G) received and sent packets.
- **Packet Rate**: Radio0 (2.4G) packet rate.
- **Total Traffic**: Radio0 (2.4G) received and sent total traffic.
- **Throughput**: Radio0 (2.4G) throughput.

### 4.1.1.3. Channel Usage

Please select **Status** -> **Interface** -> **radio0(2.4G)** -> **Channel Usage** to check radio0 channel usage information including: state, Tx Frame (%), Rx Frame (%), Busy State (%), Noise Floor (dBm), CTL0, CTL1, EXT0, EXT1, Interference Mitigation Offset (0-50dB) and Traffic Distribution.
Interference Mitigation Offset (0-50dB): This option will mask all noise / valid signal below "0-50" dB.

The traffic distribution statistics will be shown by clicking “View” on the channel usage page.
4.1.1.4. WLAN

Please select Status -> Interface -> Radio0(2.4G) -> WLAN to check radio0 wireless network information including: Device ID WLAN ID, SSID, MAC Address, Auth Mode, Unicast Cipher, Multicast Cipher, Num of Station, Throughput (TX/RX), Download/Upload Byte, State.

When you enable a WLAN, you can find its relevant information in “State”.

Device Id : 2.4G interface ID
WLAN : Wireless network number
**SSID**: C1n default SSID is Superwifi Network x (x is from 0 to 7)

**MAC Address**: 2.4G wireless network MAC address (BSSID)

**Auth Mode**: Authentication mode for each wireless network

**Unicast Cipher**: Unicast cipher mode for each wireless network

**Multicast Cipher**: Multicast cipher mode for each wireless network

**Num of Station**: Associated client number

**Throughput (TX/RX)**: Real Throughput of transmitted and received packets for each wireless network

**Download/Upload Byte**: Download and Upload packets for each wireless network

**State**: Wireless network state

### 4.1.1.5. Association List

Please select [Status] -> [Interface] -> [radio0] -> [Association List] to get associated client information including: Total Client Association, Client Association Histogram, STA ID, Mac Address, WLAN ID, SNR, Download/Bytes, Upload/Bytes, Download Rate/kbps, Upload Rate/kbps.

![Figure 4-8 Association List](image)

- **Total Client Association**: Total associated clients
- **Client Association Histogram**: Association client history records
- **STA ID**: Wireless client ID
- **Mac Address**: Wireless client MAC address
- **Wlan ID**: Client associated WLAN ID
- **SNR**: Wireless client SNR
Throughput (Rx/Tx) : Wireless client real throughput received and transmitted traffic (kbps)
Download/Upload Byte : Wireless client download and upload traffic (Bytes)
Download/Upload Rate : Wireless client download and upload rate (kbps)

Click this icon, below prompt will pop up. If choice the yes, the associated client will be disconnected and added into rogue station list.

4.1.2. Ethernet Interface

4.1.2.1. Status

Please select Status -> Interface -> Ethernet -> Status to check Ethernet interface status which includes Ethernet MAC Address, Speed, Duplex, Auto-negotiation and Link Detected.

Figure 4-9 Ethernet Interface State

MAC Address : C1n Ethernet MAC address
Speed: C1n Ethernet speed
Duplex: C1n Ethernet duplex mode (Full/Half)
Auto-negotiation: C1n Ethernet auto-negotiation mode ON or OFF, by default it is “ON”.
Link Detected: Whether C1n Ethernet do link detection, by default it is “yes”.

4.1.2.2. Statistic

Please select Status -> Interface -> Ethernet -> Statistic to check Ethernet statistic information including Ethernet Tx & Rx Packets, Tx & Rx Packet Rate, Total Traffic and Throughput.

![Ethernet Interface Statistic](image)

- **Packets**: Ethernet transmitted and received packets
- **Octets**: Ethernet transmitted and received octets
- **Packet Rate**: Ethernet interface packet rate
- **Throughput**: Ethernet interface throughput

### 4.1.3. Logs

In order to realize easier monitoring and diagnosis, C1n provides log function. Selecting Status -> Logs, you will find 3 sub-items below: SysLog, Panic Log, and Alarm Logs.

#### 4.1.3.1. System Log
The system log gives C1n system information like: software, hardware, system configuration, and self-checking result. Please select **Status** -> **Logs** -> **Syslog** to check system log:

![System Log](image)

**Figure 4-11 System Log**

- **File Name**: The name of log files, you can click it to open the log file.
- **Download**: Download log file. Please click the green downward arrow to download the log file.

Click **File Name** -> **Syslog**, and you will find the log page below:

![System Log](image)

**Figure 4-12 System Log “Download and Back” Button**
Please click **Download** to download the system log file and click **Back** at the end of log to come back the previous page:

### 4.1.3.2. Panic Log

Panic Log is a self-generated log when the system finds some internal errors and need to reboot itself.

Please select **Status** → **Logs** → **Panic Log** to go to Panic log page:

![Panic Logs](image)

**File Name**: The name of Panic log files, you can click it to open the log file.

**Download**: Download Panic log file. Please click the green downward arrow to download the log file.

**Delete**: Delete Panic log file.

### 4.1.3.3. Alarm Log

Please select **Status** → **Logs** → **Alarm Log** to go to alarm log page:

![Alarm Logs](image)
5. System Configuration

5.1. C1n Configuration Procedures

1. Users need to click the Submit button to store the changed settings.

![Submit Change](image)

Figure 5-1 Submit Change

2. On the right top corner, there is an Unsaved Changes button; you can click it to check submitted items.

![Unsaved Change](image)

Figure 5-2 Unsaved Change

3. Please click the Unsaved Changes button to check changed setting detail information.
Figure 5-3 Unsaved Change Detail

4. Click the **Save & Apply** button to perform all submitted changes:

Figure 5-4 Save and Apply Changes

5. You will find “The following changes have been committed”

Figure 5-5 Changes have been committed

6. The whole committing changes progress, it is no need to reboot C1n.
5.2. Basic Configuration

5.2.1. Basic System Configuration

System configuration web includes two parts: System Info setting and NTP Setting. NTP is a network time protocol for the C1n to synchronize the system time. NTP is Enable by default. If NTP is needed, IP address of the NTP server must be added and C1n will synchronize with the NTP server. It is useful to maintain the network and make sure all APs are using the same system time by setting the same NTP server.

Please select Configuration -> System to configure System Info Setting and NTP setting.

![Basic System Setting](image)

**System Name**: Set system name of the device, the system name can be up to 255 characters long.

**System NE ID**: Set system NE ID, the system NE ID can be up to 64 characters long.

**System Location**: Set system location, the system location can be up to 255 characters long.

**Enable NTP**: Enable or disable NTP function, by default it is selected.

**IP Address Type**: IPv4 or IPv6. (Please note that IPv6 is available to be select after enable IPv6 in Network setting web page, refer to section 6.3).

**NTP Server IP**: NTP server IP address, please click “+” to add new NTP server IP address.

**NTP Polling Interval**: By default, it is 600s

**NTP Time Zone**: Time Zone setting, by default it is Asia/Hong Kong.
Daylight Saving Time: By default, it is not selected.

Procedures:

1. Select Configuration > System, to go to system setting page.
2. Type in the system information if it is needed.
3. Add NTP IP address in NTP Server IP.
4. Set NTP Polling Interval.
5. Choose local NTP Time Zone.
6. Set Daylight Saving Time (Optional)
7. Click Submit
8. Click Save & Apply to commit changes.

5.2.2. Network Configuration

Please select Configuration > Network to go to Network configuration page.

5.2.2.1. General Network Configuration

Please select Configuration > Network > General and start to configure general settings.
## Network Setting

**Enable IPv6**: IPv6 is disable by default.

**Internet Connection Type**: Static IP or DHCP client
- **IPv4 Address**: If C1n uses static IP, please give it a fixed IP
- **IPv4 Subnet Mask**: If C1n uses static IP, please give it a subnet mask
- **IPv4 Default Gateway**: If C1n uses static IP, please give it a Gateway address
- **IPv4 DNS Server**: If C1n uses static IP, please set DNS IP address

**Internet Connection Type**: Static IP or DHCP client
- **IPv6 Address**: If C1n uses static IP, please give it a fixed IP
- **IPv6 Default Gateway**: If C1n uses static IP, please give it a Gateway address
- **IPv6 DNS Server**: If C1n uses static IP, please set DNS IP address

**Enable STP Mode**: Enable or disable the STP service.

**Ethernet/Radio0 (2.4G)**: LAN interface or WAN interface, only work in gateway mode.

**Enable NAT Mode**: If NAT Mode is set to "Disabled" then the AP will not perform any network address translations and all IP traffic will be passed from the wireless clients to...
the DS (Ethernet) port or wireless bridge (802.11a radio) without any modification. If NAT Mode is set to "Enabled" then the AP will perform network address translations on all traffic being passed from the wireless clients to the DS (Ethernet) port or wireless bridge (802.11a radio). The NAT will translate IP traffic address's between the wireless client subnet and the DS subnet.

**LAN IP Address**: IP address of local area network.

**LAN IP Address Mask**: IP address mask of local area network.

**Ethernet Mode**: Auto/manual mode.

**Ethernet Duplex**: AP Ethernet duplex mode (Full/Half).

### 5.2.2.1.1. Network Setting—Switch Mode

In switch mode, C1n works as a switch to deliver data between Ethernet interface and wireless interfaces.

**Configuration procedures**:

1. Select **Configuration > Network > General** to go to configuration page.
2. Network Setting: Switch Mode.

![Network Mode Diagram](image)

Figure 5-8 Network Mode
3. Click Submit.
4. Click Save&Apply to apply changes.

5.2.2.1.2. Network Setting—Gateway Mode

In Gateway mode, the C1n acts as a gateway. The Local IP Address and Local IP Address Mask information must be provided to specify the IP address used to communicate to the wireless client locally (i.e. IP address for 2.4GHz radio interface). The C1n would use another IP address to communicate to the outside network (i.e. IP address for Ethernet interface). If a wireless client sends a packet to the outside network, the packet would send to the C1n with its local IP address in the local network. Then, the C1n will pass this packet to the outside network (Ethernet) using its remote IP address.

**Configuration procedures:**

1. Select Configuration > Network > General to go to configuration page.
2. Click Network Setting: Gateway Mode.
3. Click Submit.
4. Click Save&Apply to apply changes.
**Warnings:** When the Network mode as Gateway mode the VLAN will not be used and it would not be used for the 2.4G Radio.

### 5.2.2.1.3. WAN Setting (IPv4)

In switch mode and Gateway mode, there are 2 types: Static IP or DHCP client

**Procedures**

1. Select **Configuration** > **Network** > **General**
2. **Internet Connection Type**: choose Static or DHCP
3. Click **Submit**
4. Click **Save&Apply** to apply.

### 5.2.2.1.4. Static IP (IPv4)

Users need manually configure C1n IP address, subnet mask, gateway address and DNS server IP address:

![C1n Web-admin Configuration Manual](image)
Figure 5-11 Static IP

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** > **Network** > **General**
2. **Internet Connection Type**: choose “Static”
3. **IP Address**: input IP address
4. **Subnet Mask**: input subnet mask
5. **Default Gateway Address**: input gateway address
6. **DNS Server IP Address**: input DNS address
7. Click **Submit**
8. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

**5.2.2.1.5. DHCP (IPv4)**

C1n will get IP from DHCP server
Figure 5-12 DHCP Client

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** > **Network** > **General**
2. **Internet Connection Type**: choose DHCP;
3. Click **Submit**;
4. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

1) **WAN/LAN Interface Assignment**

This option will be available to be edit while the Gateway mode is selected in the network setting.
**Figure 5-13 WAN/LAN Interface Assignment**

**Ethernet/Radio (2.4G):** LAN interface or WAN interface, only work in gateway mode.

**Enable NAT Mode:** If NAT Mode is set to "Disabled" then the AP will not perform any network address translations and all IP traffic will be passed from the wireless clients to the DS (Ethernet) port or wireless bridge (802.11a radio) without any modification. If NAT Mode is set to "Enabled" then the AP will perform network address translations on all traffic being passed from the wireless clients to the DS (Ethernet) port or wireless bridge (802.11a radio). The NAT will translate IP traffic address's between the wireless client subnet and the DS subnet.

2) **LAN Setting (IPv4)**

**LAN IP Address:** IP address of local area network.

**LAN IP Address Mask:** IP address mask of local area network.

**5.2.2.1.6. Ethernet Mode**

In switch mode and Gateway mode, there are 2 types: Auto and Manual

1) **Auto**

C1n Ethernet port duplex and speed will be auto.
2) **Manual**

C1n Ethernet port will be manual, and the Ethernet Duplex and Speed will be selected by Full/Half, 100Mbps/10Mbps.
5.2.2.2. VLAN

Select **Configuration** -> **Network** -> **VLAN** to access to VLAN configuration page.

![C1n VLAN Configuration](image)

By default, C1n VLAN setting is disabled.
- **Enable VLAN**: Enable or Disable VLAN function
- **Native VLAN Tagging**: By default, it is not selected.
- **Native VLAN TagId**: Native VLAN ID
- **Management VLAN TagId**: Management VLAN ID

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** -> **Network** -> **VLAN**
2. **Enable VLAN**: Enable or disable VLAN
3. **Native VLAN Tagging**: Enable or disable native VLAN tagging
4. **Native VLAN TagId**: input Native VLAN ID
5. **Management VLAN TagId**: input management VLAN ID
6. **VLAN TagId**: input VLAN ID
7. Click **Submit**
8. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

5.2.2.3. DHCP Server

Select **Configuration** -> **Network** -> **DHCP Server** to access to DHCP configuration page. And there are two options, Disable and DHCP Server.
If the DHCP Server Mode is set to Server, then the C1n will act as a DHCP server for allocation of IP address to the wireless client associated. The following procedures show the allocation of the IP address, subnets mask, gateway and DNS information. And edit the Pool ID 1.

Figure 5-17 DHCP Server
**Enable Pool**: Enable or Disable Pool

**Pool ID**: ID of the IP Pool

**Start IP Address**: Start IP address of the Pool

**End IP Address**: End IP address of the Pool

**DNS1, 2, 3**: DNS IP address of the Pool

**Default Lease Time**: Time to release the IP address to the clients

---

**5.2.2.4. Port Forwarding**

Select **Configuration → Network → Port Forwarding** to access Port forwarding configuration page to set the mapping relation for local IP, Local Port and Global Port.

Please note that Port forwarding service only works at gateway mode.
Enable Flag: Enabled flag enables or disables the effect of the particular port forwarding entry. All the added firewall entries are saved in system configuration file and only the enabled port forwarding entries will be active.
**Local IP Address**: This control is used to specify the host which is connected to the internal network and needs to be accessible from the external network.

**Local Port**: This control is used to specify the TCP/UDP port of the application running on the host which is connected to the internal network. The specified port will be accessible from the external network.

**Protocol Type**: This control is used to specify the L3 protocol (IP) type which need to be forwarded from the internal network.

**Global Port**: This control is used to specify the TCP/UDP port of the C1n Wi-Fi Access Point/Bridge based device which will accept and forward the connections from the external network to the host connected to the internal network.

**Description**: This control is used to specify informal field for the comment of the particular port forwarding entry. Few words about the particular port forwarding entry purpose are saved there usually.

### 5.2.2.5. Safe Mode

Select **Configuration** → **Network** → **Safe Mode** to access Safe Mode configuration page.

![Safe Mode Setting](image)

**Enable Safe Mode**: By default, it is disabled.

**Ping Host**: Three ping hosts can be entered. AP will ping these hosts periodically at the ping interval configured through its current backhaul link.

**Ping Interval**: Default setting is 10 seconds.

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** → **Network** → **Safe Mode**
2. **Enable Safe Mode**: Select it to enable safe mode function. By default, it is disabled.

3. **Ping Host**: at least input one host

4. **Ping Interval**: input the interval of ping

5. Click **Submit**

6. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

### 6. Wireless

Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** to access wireless network configuration page. There is 1 interfaces, Radio0 (2.4G).

![C1n Wireless Configuration Interface](image)

**Figure 6-1 2.4G Radio Setting**

### 6.1. 2.4G Radio

Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** to change 2.4G radio setting. You can configure the items below: General, WLAN, Advanced, QoS, and WEP.
6.1.1.2.4G General Configuration

Select **Configuration** → **Wireless** → **Radio0 (2.4G)** → **General** to access 2.4G general configuration page:

![Radio0(2.4G) Setting](image)

**Figure 6-2 2.4G Radio Parameters**

- **Enable Radio**: Enable or disable 2.4G radio, by default it is enabled.
- **Radio Mode**: AP or Station or Repeater.
- **Country Code**: ROW is default setting.
- **Wireless Mode**: By default, it is 2.4GHz 300Mbps (802.11ng HT40+). 2.4GHz 130Mbps (802.11ng HT20) is recommended.
- **Radio Frequency**: By default, it is 2437MHz (Channel 6).
- **Transmit Power**: By default, it is 20.
- **Maximum Clients**: By default, it is 64.
- **Enable Inter-WLAN User Isolation**: By default, it is disable.
- **Disable HT20/HT40 Auto Switch**: In HT40 mode, enable or disable auto switch between HT40 and HT20.

**Procedures:**

Select **Configuration** → **Wireless** → **Radio0 (2.4G)** → **General**

1. **Enable Radio**: Select to enable 2.4G Radio
2. **Radio Mode**: Select to AP mode
3. **Country Code**: Select your country code
4. **Wireless Mode**: Select wireless mode
5. **Transmit Power**: Set transmit power
6. **Maximum Clients**: Set 2.4G maximum clients
7. Click **Submit**
8. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

### 6.1.1.1. 2.4G WLAN

Select **Configuration** > **Wireless** > **Radio0 (2.4G)** > **WLAN** to access to 2.4G radio WLAN setting page:

![WLAN Setting Page](image)

C1n 2.4G radio supports maximum 8 WLANs, and they can be configured separately.

- **Enable WLAN**: Enable or Disable WLAN from 0-7.
- **SSID**: Support maximum 32 characters, default SSID is: Superwifi Network X, X is WLAN number.
- **Max Clients**: Max. Associated clients

Figure 6-3 WLAN Setting
Isolation: Enable or Disable inter-WLAN communication isolation. By default, it is enable.

VLAN Pass-Through/ID: Set VLAN pass through or VLAN TagID this WLAN

Access Traffic Right: Access traffic right controls associated stations the ability to permit or deny AP management.

WLAN Uplink/Downlink Control: This option control the uplink and downlink speed for this WLAN.

Station Uplink/Downlink Control: This option control the uplink and downlink speed for the stations which associate to this WLAN.

6.1.1.1.1.  WLAN X (0-7) WLAN Setting

Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to click “More…” behind the WLAN, and then select WLAN General.

![WLAN General Setting](image)

Enable WLAN: Enable or disable this WLAN.

VLAN Pass Through: VLAN pass through for this WLAN.

Enable WLAN: Set VLAN TagId for this WLAN.

Figure 6-4 WLAN General Setting
Hide SSID: Hide this SSID or not.
SSID: Set SSID name.
Allow Intra-WLAN User Isolation: Allow or block intra-WLAN user communication. By default, it is enable.
Allow DHCP Snooping Trusted Port: DHCP snooping prevents illegal DHCP servers from offering IP address on untrusted wireless port.
Access Traffic Right: Access traffic right controls associated stations the ability to permit or deny AP management.
Max Clients: Maximum value is 64.

Minimum signal for association: Set the minimum signal value (SNR) for client can associate to this WLAN. The range is 0~100dB, and 0 means disable.
Disconnect Signal Threshold: Set the signal threshold value (SNR) for client to disconnect to this WLAN.
Disconnect Packet Threshold: Set the packet threshold value (SNR) for client to disconnect to this WLAN.
Back to WLAN List: Go back to previous page

Procedures:

1. Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to click “More…” behind the WLAN, and then select WLAN General.
2. Enable WLAN to select to enable this WLAN
3. VLAN Pass Through to allow or don’t allow VLAN pass through
4. VLAN TagId to Set VLAN ID
5. SSID to set SSID
6. Allow Intra-WLAN User Isolation: Allow or block intra-WLAN User communication.
7. Max Clients: Maximum is 64
8. Click Submit
9. Click Save&Apply to apply

6.1.1.1.2. WLAN X (0-7) Security

C1n 2.4GHz supports Open, Shared Key, WPA, WPA-PSK, WPA2, WPA2-PSK, WAPI, WAPI-PSK authentication mode, and Disabled, WEP, AES, TKIP, SMS4 cipher mode. Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select WLAN Security to access to security configuration page.
1) Open

After selecting Open, you can select Disabled or WEP:

**Open & No security procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **WLAN** to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select **WLAN Security** to access the security configuration page.
2. **Authentication Mode** choose Open
3. **Cipher Mode** choose Disabled
4. Click **Submit**
5. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

**Open – WEP Procedures:**
1. Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **WLAN** to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select **WLAN Security** to access to security configuration page.

2. **Authentication Mode**: choose Open

3. **Cipher Mode**: choose WEP

4. **Default WEP Key**: set the password

5. Click **Submit**

6. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

---

**Figure 6-7 Open & WEP**

2) Shared Key

---

**Figure 6-8 Shared Key**
Shared key Procedures:

1. Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **WLAN** to edit “More...” WLAN, and then select **WLAN Security** to access to security configuration page.
2. **Authentication Mode** choose Shared
3. **Cipher Mode** choose WEP
4. **Default WEP Key** set the password
5. Click **Submit**
6. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

3) WPA/WPA2

WPA/WPA2 can be enabled by selecting WPA, WPA2 for Authentication Mode. The AES and TKIP are the two available options for Cipher mode.

![Figure 6-9 WPA/WPA2](image-url)
**Authentication Mode**: WPA or WPA2  
**Cipher Mode**: AES and TKIP can be choice.  
**Radius Server**: Set Radius server IP address  
**Radius Port**: Set Radius server port  
**Radius Secret**: Set Radius secret  
**Secondary Radius Server**: Set Secondary Radius server IP address  
**Secondary Radius Port**: Set Secondary Radius server port  
**Secondary Radius Secret**: Set Secondary Radius server secret

**WPA/WPA2 Procedures**:  
1. Select **Configuration** > **Wireless** > **Radio0 (2.4G)** > **WLAN** to edit “More...” WLAN, and then select **WLAN Security** to access to security configuration page  
2. **Authentication Mode**: choose WPA or WPA2  
3. **Cipher Mode**: choose AES+TKIP  
4. **Radius Server**: set Radius server IP address  
5. **Radius Port**: set Radius server port  
6. **Radius Secret**: set Radius password  
7. **Secondary Radius Server**: set Secondary Radius server IP address (optional)  
8. **Secondary Radius Port**: set Secondary Radius server port (optional)  
9. **Secondary Radius Secret**: set Secondary Radius server secret (optional)  
10. Click **Submit**  
11. Click **Save & Apply** to apply  

4) **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK**  
WPA-PSK can be enabled by selecting **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK** for Authentication Mode. The **AES** and **TKIP** are the two available options for Cipher Mode.
Authentication Mode: WPA or WPA2
Cipher Mode: AES and TKIP can be selected.
Group Key Update Interval: By default, it is 3600
Pass Phrase: From 8-64 bits

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK Procedures:

1. Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select WLAN Security to access to security configuration page
2. Authentication Mode: choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK
3. Cipher Mode: choose AES+TKIP
4. Group Key Update Interval: set interval
5. Pass Phrase: set the password
6. Click Submit
7. Click Save&Apply to apply

5) ACL Configurations

C1n supports ACL (Access Control List), it bases on MAC address filter.
Figure 6-11 ACL-Disable

Figure 6-12 ACL-Deny MAC Address
Access Control List: There are 3 modes: Disabled, Enabled-Default Allow, and Enable-Default Deny.

Denied MAC Address: All MAC address in the list will be blocked.

Allowed MAC Address: Only MAC address in the list can access.

ACL Procedures:

1. Select Configuration > Wireless > Radio0 (2.4G) > WLAN to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select WLAN Security to access to security configuration page
2. Access Control List choose the control mode.
3. Denied MAC Address input MAC address
4. Allowed MAC Address input MAC address
5. Click Submit
6. Click Save & Apply to apply
6.1.1.3. WLAN X (0-7) Rogue Station List

Select **Configuration** > **Wireless** > **Radio0 (2.4G)** > **WLAN** to edit “More…” WLAN, and then select **Rogue Station List** to access to Rogue Station List configuration page.

Figure 6-16 Rogue Station List
Rogue Station: Type in the MAC address of rogue station.

6.1.1.4. WLAN X (0-7) QoS

Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to edit “More...” WLAN, and then select QoS to access to QoS configuration page.

![Image of QoS configuration page]

**Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping**: Enable mapping from DSCP to WMM.

**DSCP**: 4 priorities: BestEffort, Background, Video, Voice

**WLAN (Client-side) WMM Parameters**: Set CWMIN, CWMAX, AIFS, TXOP value

**Radio (AP-side) WMM Parameters**: List WMM parameters

**WLAN X QoS configuration procedures**:

1. Select Configuration -> Wireless -> Radio0 (2.4G) -> WLAN to edit “More...” WLAN, and then select QoS to access to QoS configuration page.
2. **Enable DSCP-to-WMM Mapping** (optional)
3. **DSCP** choose one of priorities
4. **WLAN (Client-side) WMM Parameters** Set CWMIN、CWMAX、AIFS、TXOP value
5. Click **Submit**
6. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

### 6.1.1.1.5. WLAN X (0-7) Bandwidth Control

![WLAN Bandwidth Control](image)

**Uplink**: Uplink bandwidth control, from 0-1000000Kbps

**Downlink**: Downlink bandwidth control, from 0-1000000Kbps

**WLAN X bandwidth control procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **WLAN** to edit "More..." WLAN, and then select **Bandwidth Control** to access to Bandwidth Control configuration page
2. **Uplink** set uplink bandwidth limitation
3. **Downlink** set downlink bandwidth limitation
4. Click **Submit**
5. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

### 6.1.1.2. 2.4G Advanced Configuration

Select **Configuration** -> **Wireless** -> **Radio0 (2.4G)** -> **Advanced** to access to Advanced configuration page
C1n provides advanced parameter setting, it would change C1n performance. *Default setting is recommended.*

1) **Advance Setting**

- **AMPDU**: IEEE802.11n aggregation of MAC protocol data unit.
- **AMPDU Limit**: Maximum number frames in 11n frame aggregation.
- **AMSDU**: IEEE802.11n aggregation of MAC service data unit.
- **Max Tx/Rx Streams**: Maximum number of transmit streams/receive streams in 11n MIMO.
- **Beacon Interval**: Default setting is 100 ms (equivalent to 10 beacons per second).

The amount of time between C1n BTS beacon transmissions for each supported BSS,
with each BSS using the same beacon interval. The beacon interval can be configured between 20 and 1000 ms.

**DTIM**: Default setting is 1. DTIM Interval, always a multiple of the beacon period, determines how often the beacon contains a traffic indicator map (TIM). The TIM alerts clients in sleep state to stay awake long enough to receive their data frames. The value range is from 1 to 255.

**Fragmentation Threshold**: Default setting is 2346 bytes. The fragmentation threshold, specified in bytes, determines whether data packets will be fragmented and at what size. Frames that are smaller than the specified fragmentation threshold value will not be fragmented. Frames that are larger than the fragmentation threshold will be fragmented into smaller packets and transmitted a piece at a time instead of all at once. The setting must be within the range of 256 to 2346 bytes. It is recommended to use the default value or only minor reductions of this default value.

**Protection Mode**: Default setting is “None”. If set to “CTS-Only” then when protection is turned on and prior to the transmission of an 802.11g frame, the AP sends out a CTS frame (also known as CTS-to-Self) to set the NAV in all the clients so that they will not transmit during the time period of the subsequent data packet from the AP. If set to “RTS-CTS” then the AP sends a RTS frame, waits for the clients CTS frame and then sends the data packet. Setting “RTS-CTS” will allow more robust operation, but at the expense of additional overheads.

**RTS/CTS Threshold**: If a frame is smaller than the RTS/CTS threshold, it will be sent by the AP without modification. If a frame is larger than the RTS/CTS threshold, then two frames will be sent by the AP. The first frame is an RTS (request to send) frame. After the RTS frame is sent, the AP listens for the corresponding CTS from the target client. Upon reception of the CTS, the AP then sends the data frame. There are trade-offs when considering what value you should set for the RTS/CTS threshold. Smaller values will cause RTS to be sent more often, increasing overheads. However, the more often RTS packets are sent, the sooner the system can recover from collisions. It is recommended to use the default value or only minor reductions of this default value. The value range is from 0 to 2347.

**Distance**: Target area distance.

**IGMP Snooping**: AP is a Layer 2 device when it is configured as Switch mode. However, IGMP Snooping implementation on AP is a little bit different than that of standard Layer 2 Switch.

Each Virtual AP (VAP) port is similar to a Layer 2 switch port. With IGMP Snooping enabled in the AP, clients associated to a VAP will only receive multicast packets if there is at least one client joined the multicast group in that VAP. Unlike ordinary IGMP Snooping implementation, where Layer 2 switch converts multicast to unicast and delivers them to devices registered with the multicast group, AP should simply send out the multicast packets from the VAP which has at least one client joined the
multicast group. This is done because the wireless media is a broadcast media. It does not need to be sent multiple times when there are more than one registered clients.

When IGMP Snooping is turned on, multicast packets should be dropped at the VAP exit if there is no client from the VAP who has joined the corresponding multicast group.

The IGMP snooping forwarding table (port and multicast MAC address mapping table) should support aging mechanism to age out the entry which has no multicast traffic for a period of time (120 seconds in C1n).

The default setting of the IGMP Snooping is “Disabled”.

**Multicast Traffic** : Default setting is "Enabled". If set to "Enabled", the system allows multicast traffic in all VAPs. If set to "Disabled", all multicast traffic in all VAPs will be dropped.

**Enable Optimization Mode** : Set the Optimization mode to optimize the performance depending on different deployment environment.

**Optimization Mode** : There are three modes, default, optimized for throughput and optimized for capacity.

**2) Data Rate Setting**

**Data Rate** : Default setting is “best”. The transmission data rate that appears on the drop-down

C1n supports “Multicast Traffic Data Rate Setting” to transmit all multicast traffic of the 2.4G interface at the configured multicast data rate. The multicast data rate must be set to any of the basic data rates. Default setting is 1 Mbps.

**3) AirFi Setting**

**AirFi Mode** : Enable AirFi mode to get enhanced throughput experience.

**AirFi Level** : There are four options for AirFi level: Level I, Level II, Level III and Custom. AirFi level I is recommended.

**Advanced configuration procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > Advanced**
2. **AMPDU** selected by default
3. **AMSDU** selected by default
4. **Data Rate** by default it is “best”
5. **Beacon Interval** set beacon interval
6. **Distance**: set target area distance
7. **IGMP Snooping**: choose IGMP snooping mode if need
8. **Multicast Traffic**: allow or block multicast traffic
9. **Multicast Data Rate**: set multicast data rate
10. Click **Submit**
11. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

⚠️ **Warnings**: The default setting for advance is recommended.

### 6.1.1.3. 2.4G Wireless QoS Configuration

![Figure 6-20 2.4G Radio QoS Parameters](image)

**QoS parameters configuration procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration** > **Wireless** > **Radio0[2.4G]** > **QoS**
2. Set values for this Priority-WMM table
3. Click **Submit**
4. Click **Save & Apply** to apply
6.1.1.4.  2.4G WEP Key

![Figure 6-21 2.4G Radio WEP Key](image)

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Configuration > Wireless > Radio0(2.4G) > WEP**
2. **Key Entry Method** select the key format
3. Input key phrase in related WEP Key
4. Click **Submit**
5. Click **Save & Apply** to apply

6.2. Thin AP Configuration
### 7. Administration Configuration

#### 7.1. Administration General Setting

Please select **Administration** > **User Admin** to change login and password.

The user account: admin. Default username is: **admin**, default password is: **admin**.
**Figure 7-1 User Admin**

**Procedures:**

1. Select **Administration** -> **User Admin**.
2. Set password
3. Confirm password: input password again to confirm
4. Click **Submit**
5. Click **Save&Apply** to apply

**7.2. Web Admin**

**Figure 7-2 WEB Administration**

1) **WEB Setting**

   - **Auto Refresh Interval**

2) **System Log Setting**

   - **Enable Systlog**: [ ]
   - **Server IP Address**: 
   - **Severity**: [ ]
Enable Syslog: Enable or disable Syslog.
Server IP Address: Type in the IP address of syslog server.
Severity: There are eight kinds of severities: Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, Information and Debug.

7.3. SNMP Setting

![SNMP Configuration]

Enable SNMP: Enable or disable SNMP.
Read Community: SNMP protocol read community; by default it is “public”
Write Community: SNMP protocol write community, by default it is “write”
Show: Show write community phrase
Trap Host ID: SNMP Trap host ID, it supports Max. 4 Trap Host
Trap Host: Trap Host IP address
Trap Port: Trap port, by default it is 162
Trap Community: Trap community information
Enable: Trap Host state (enabled or disabled)

Press [ ]: To edit Trap Host
7.4. Certificate Management

**Procedures:**

1. Press **Administration** -> **Certificate**
2. **Http Cert File**: Click "Browse" to choose Http Certificate file, and then click **Upload**.
3. **Http Key File**: Click “browse” to choose Http Key file, and then click **Upload**.
7.5. Firmware Update

Go to **Administration** > **Firmware Update** to update the firmware of C1n:

![Firmware Update](image)

**Figure 7-6 Firmware Upgrade**

**Caution**: Do not interrupt the process of firmware update. Please maintain network connection and power supply. C1n will not function properly if interruption happened during firmware update.

**Procedures**:

1. Go to **Administration** > **Firmware Update**
2. Press **Browse**, select the firmware.
3. Press **Upload image** to begin the update, the keep configuration files allow user to keep the current configuration after update.

4. **C1n** will run the checksum on the firmware, once it validate the firmware, press proceed to continue,
5. You will find following notification:

![Figure 7-10 Progress of firmware update](image)

6. C1n will reboot and load the Main page after firmware update.

7. Login with username and password, check the firmware version on the top right corner or go to the “About” page.

![Figure 7-11 Information after firmware update](image)
7.6. Reset Back to Factory Default via User Interface

Under Administration -> Factory Default, user can reset the C1n back to Factory Default Configuration.

![C1n Configuration Interface](image)

**Figure 7-12 Restore to Factory Default**

**Procedures:**

1. **Reset to Factory Default**: Press this button to reset C1n to Factory Default Configuration.
2. **Keep Network Address Settings**: Select this if user doesn’t wish to reset the IP address configuration to factory default. If this option is not selected, the IP address of C1n will be set back to default IP address: 192.168.1.222.
3. Once restore to factory default configuration, user can login to the C1n with the following information:
   - C1n default IP address: **192.168.1.222**
   - Username: **admin**
   - Password: **admin**

7.7. Backup/Restore

C1n supports Backup/Restore, Press Administration -> Backup/Restore to open the configuration interface
**Procedures:**

1. Select `Administration -> Backup/Restore`
2. Press `Create backup` and save it.
3. To restore configuration, under `Backup Archive`, press `Browse...`, and select the backup file, press `Restore backup` to start restore.
8. Tools

C1n provides useful tools, this enable the user to have better radio planning.

8.1. Channel Scan
Through the channel scan tool of C1n, user is able to know the status of 2.4GHz channels around the C1n, this provides useful information to the user on how to configure C1n and radio planning.

Press on **Tools > Channel Scan** to open the channel scan.

![Figure 8-1 Channel Scan](image)

Details of 2.4G channel scan:

- **Start Scan**: Press **Start Scan** to start channel scan.
- **Duration**: The switching time of the channel scanning interval, setting range is 100-1000ms, default is 100ms.
- **Scan Status**: C1n Base station channel scan status, “Ready” means it can start scan. “Success” means scan finished.

**Procedures**:

1. In the main menu, select **Tools > Channel Scan**
2. Press **Start Scan**
3. Wait until the scan status change to “Success”. The scanning will take approximately 20 seconds
From the Channel Scan Result, press on **Channel Usage Info** user will see the condition of 2.4G channel around C1n. Overall BSS Info:
In Channel Scan Result, press **Overall BSS Info** for 2.4G BSS Info, it shows information of BSSID around C1n. **BSS Info**:

![Figure 8-4 BSS information]

In Channel Scan Result, press **BSS Info** and it shows information of BSSID from C1n.

Base on C1n 2.4G Channel Scan Result, user can select 2.4G channel with lower noise floor, less busy and less SSID as the channel for C1n’s SSID.

⚠️ **Caution**: During the process of channel scan, all WiFi clients associated to C1n via 2.4G channel will be drop for approximately 15-20 seconds.

### 8.2. Diagnosis

Press **Tools -> Diagnosis** to start the diagnosis.
8.2.1. Ping to Host

Press **Tools** -> **Diagnosis** -> **Ping** to start the ping.

![Ping Test](image)

**Ping Test**

- **Ping IP Address/Host Name**: Type in the target IP address or target Host name.
- **Packet Count**: The range for Packet count is 1-10000.
- **Packet Size**: Type in the packet size for ping.

Figure 8-5 Ping to Host

8.2.2. Traceroute to Host

Press **Tools** -> **Diagnosis** -> **Traceroute** to start the trace.
**Traceroute Test**

- **Destination IP Address/Host Name**: Type in the target IP address or target Host name.
- **Enable Resolve IP addresses**: Enable or disable IP address resolve.
- **Timeout**: Type in the timeout value.
- **Ping per TTL**: Type in the TTL value for ping.
- **Maximum TTL**: Type in the maximum TTL value for ping.

**Output**

No results returned

---

**8.3. Watchdog**

Press **Tools** -> **Watchdog** to start the watchdog. Watchdog is for periodic reboot setting and periodic upload log setting.

Periodic reboot function can make the unit reboot in the specified time while it is enabled.

Periodic upload log function can make the unit upload the log to the ftp server in the specified time while it is enabled.
9. C1n Information

The “About” in the web layout shows product information.
Details of C1n Information:

- **Production Information**: This shows the name, code, serial number, product mode, supported power supply and etc.
- **Software Version**: Display the version of firmware and MIB.
- **Company Information**: Display information of Altai